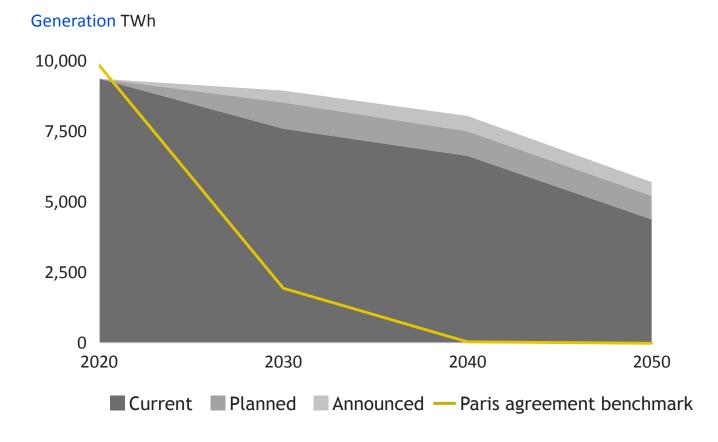
## PPCA Finance Principles Green Finance Webinar

Helen Wildsmith Stewardship Director, Climate Change CCLA Investment Management



# Context: Current and planned coal power capacity is well beyond levels needed to meet the goals of the Paris Agreement

#### World's coal-based power generation



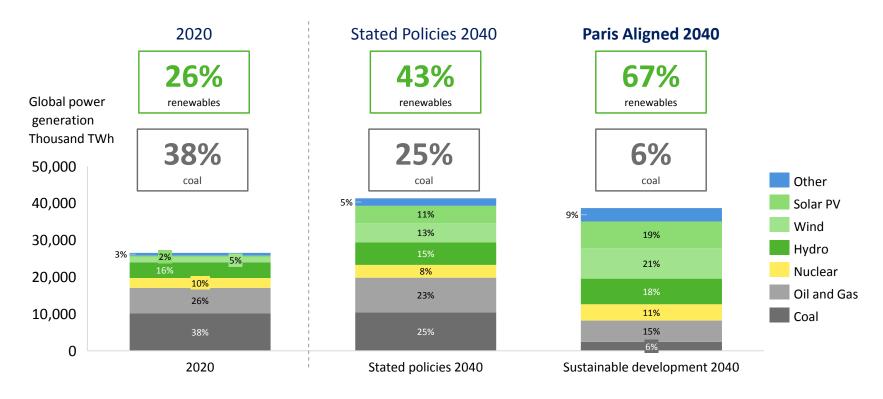


Global emissions from coal power account for 32% of total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

- These emissions need to peak in 2020
- OECD nations and EU should end coal power use entirely by 2030
- All major emitters must shut coal-fired power stations by 2040 and rest of the world by 2050 at the latest.

UN Secretary-General António Guterres: "There must be no new coal, and all existing coal should be phased out by 2030 in OECD countries, and by 2040 elsewhere".

## ...and we need to move much faster



Note: TWh = terawatt-hours;  $g CO_2/kWh = grammes of CO_2$  per kilowatt-hour; CCUS = carbon capture, utilization and storage 'Other' includes bioenergy, geothermal, CSP and marine energy Source: IEA

- A strong positive factor is the cost of renewable power falling rapidly. Since 2010, the cost of solar power has fallen by 85%, and that of wind power by 49%. [BNEF]. In the UK, the cost of offshore wind power has fallen by over 70% since 2012.
- But to meet the goals of the Paris Agreement, the global transition to clean power needs to progress four to six times faster than at present. [IEA and IRENA]

## The Powering Past Coal Alliance was formed to accelerate the transition from coal to clean energy

The Powering Past Coal Alliance (PPCA) is a coalition of national and subnational governments, utilities, financial institutions and others working to advance the transition from unabated coal power generation to clean energy.

- Launched by the UK and Canadian governments at COP23 in 2017
- Growing its membership now over 110 members from national governments, subnational governments and private sector organisations, committed to driving global coal phase-out efforts.
- One third of OECD total coal capacity is now scheduled to close by 2030, through retirement commitments and phase-out policies - PPCA members are driving this shift.

#### National Governments (34)

Including UK, Canada, Costa Rica, Ethiopia, France, Germany, New Zealand, Senegal.

#### Subnational Governments (35)

Including over 10 US states, Philippines, Australian subnationals.

Republic of Korea members: Gyeonggi, Incheon, Jeju, Seoul and South Chungcheong.

#### Organisations (44)

Including Ørsted, Engie, Iberdrola, National Grid, Scottish Power, Unilever and 16 financial institutions.



#### The PPCA Finance Principles express PPCA aims for financial institutions

#### The PPCA has published **Finance Principles**, which

- give clarity to the role of financial institutions in driving the transition from coal to clean energy
- help align finance with the Paris Agreement
- align with accounting and reporting of climate risk and complement TCFD responses.

#### **Financial Services**

- No financial services (lending, underwriting, advisory, insurance) for new coal power plants, at a project or corporate level.
- No financial services for existing coal power plants, that would result in their operation beyond PPCA Timeframes, at a project or corporate level.

#### **Advocacy**

• If already invested, advocate for a phase out plan for the coal plant or company holdings within PPCA Timeframes

#### **Investments**

- Asset managers offer products which exclude companies with coal power assets that do not have a phase out plan.
- Asset owners select these products.



#### PPCA Finance Principles have had a strong impact since launch

The PPCA has welcomed **16 financial institution signatories** committed to the Principles to date, including:

















Official Partners include: Ceres (N. America), IIGCC (Europe), LAPFF (UK), PRI (Global). Aligned with CA 100+, Investor Agenda.







